Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2179.] PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16, 1799. [VOLUME XVI.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

The Office of "The Gazette of the United States" is removed to the first three-story brick house in Eleventh, above Arch street, where this paper will continue to be published during the prevailing sickness.

Subscribers in Germantown and its vicinity, will receive their papers from Mr. Kitchen.

Those at Frankford, from the Store of John M'Clellen, Esq.

NOTICE.

THE Freemen of the City of Philadelphia, friends to the Election of James Ross, esq. of Pittsburg as Governor, are requested to meet at the Union School-House, in Germantown, on Saturday the 21st of September, at 3 o'clock, in order to fix on a general ticket, to be balloted for at the ensuing election, in the City of Philadelphia.

By order of the Committee of Correspondence.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

Sept. 16.

JUST ARRIVED,

In the ship Belvedere, John Frankford, commander, from Alicant and Gibraltar

308 PIPES BRANDY,

27 pipes
34 hogsheads
32 quarter casks } strong bodied RED WINE
15 butts
60 quarter casks } SHERRY
100 quarter casks Malaga Wine
290 kegs Raisins
450 boxes do.
94 jars do.

FOR SALE BY
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,

Who also offer for sale,

THE SAID SHIP

BELVEDERE.

SHE is New-York built, coppered to the bends, mounts 14 six-pounders, with small arms in proportion, and sails fast.

august 13 m w & f tf

For *LIVERPOOL.*

The British letter-of-marque ship,

THE LONDON,

Samuel Roper, commander,

Burthen 300 tons, coppered to the bends and mounting 16 six-pounders. A great part of her cargo being ready to go on board, she is intended to sail as soon as possible——For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

august 15 §

FOR SALE,

The brig MARY,

Capt. JOHN TARRIS,

Now lying at Mareus Hook—a live oak and cedar vessel—will carry 2000 barrels, and has been newly sheathed. She is armed with 10 four-pounders, muskets, pistols, cutlasses, boarding-pikes, &c. For terms, apply to GURNEY & SMITH.

sep. 3. eotf

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of Joseph Alexander,

LATE of Lewistown, in the county of Mifflin, and commonwealth of Pennsylvania; who was a partner of the firm of *Johnson & Alexander*, I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common pleas, in and for the county of Mifflin aforesaid, for the benefit of the laws of the said commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and they have appointed the second Tuesday of September next, for a hearing of me and my creditors at Lewistown, in said county, of which, please to take notice.

JOSEPH ALEXANDER.

august 23 §

BY JAMES KINSEY, Esq.

Chief Justice of the supreme court of New-Jersey.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT upon application to me by Joseph P. Minnick, and John W. Bloomfield for themselves, by John W. Bloomfield in right of Ann his wife, William Bullus, John Moore, in the right of his wife Mary, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, who claim an undivided sixth part of all that tract of land situate, lying and being in Springfield, Burlington county, containing eleven hundred and eighty-eight acres and a half of an acre or thereabouts, formerly devized by Mary Ludlam to Francis Bullus, who by his last will and testament devised the same tract to William Bowser, and John Turner in trust for Samuel Bullus his son in fee, which said Samuel Bullus by his deed bearing date on or about the 5th day of March 1796, conveyed the same to his children Francis Bullus, and the same Ann Bloomfield, formerly Ann Bullus, William Bullus, Mary Bullus, now Mary Moore, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, I have nominated and appointed Job Lippencott, Esq. of Springfield aforesaid, Abraham Stockton and Chas. Ellis, both of the city of Burlington, commissioners, to divide the said tract into six equal shares or parts, and unless proper objections are stated to me on the 21st day of Nov. next, at my office in the city of Burlington at ten o'clok in the morning of that day, the said Job Lippencott, Abraham Stockton and Charles Ellis, will then be appointed the Commissioners to make petition of the said tract of land, pursuant to an act, entitled, "an act for the more easy petition of lands held by Co-partners, joint tenants, and tenants in common" passed the eleventh day of November in the year of our Lord 1789.—Given under my hand the 30th day of August A. D. 1799.

JAMES KINSEY.

sep. 2. d6w.

VINEGAR.

CYDER VINEGAR, one and two years old, fit for pickling,

For sale by the Cask or Gallon, at No. 191, North Third Street.

ALSO

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES,

As usual, by—

RICHARD B. JACKSON.

Sept. 12. §tw

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

Wants a place as a Coachman,

OR as an Attendant to a travelling gentleman, a steady capable man, who can produce satisfactory recommendations Enquire at Mr. Richard Hunt's, No. 28, south Fourth street.

august 14 §

NOTICE.

Bank of North America,

SEPT. 9, 1799.

THOSE Persons who have Notes or Bills to pay at this Bank, are informed That regular Notices will be put under sealed covers, directed to the respective payers and lodged in the Post-Office, every Monday until the return of the citizens.

RICHARD WELLS, *Cashier.*

d12t

CATTLE.

About Sixty-Six Head for disposal.

Enquire of MATTHIAS BORDLEY, at the Island in Wye River, Eastern Shore, Maryland; or in case of writing, direct to him at Easton, Talbot County, Maryland.

Wye, *Sept.* 2, 1799. §

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
246 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,

FOR SALE BY
Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799 §

SEABORN,
TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers in general, that he has removed from his house No. 76, Mulberry street, for the present season, a little above Riter's tavern, Germantown, the sign of Gen M'Pherson, where he intends to carry on business as usual.

september 2. d2w.

FOR SALE,
AT DUCK-CREEK,

10,000 bushels Indian Corn,
3000 bushels good Wheat,
50 barrels Pork,
AND
40,000 Hhd. Staves.

Deliverable at any port in the Delaware below Glocester point.

JOHN CUMMINS & Co.

Duck creek, 29th Aug. d2w.

TO BE LET.

Until the 15th of November next,

A safe Retreat from Philadelphia,

In a pleasant situation, about three miles from town.

Application left at the Printer's addressed to A. B. will be attended to.

august 22 tf.

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States bearing date 1st January 1793, in the name of Joseph Thornburgh, No. 5138, for the renewal of which application hath been made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice thereof.

ROBERT DENISON, Junr.

Philadelphia, june 11. d3m

THIS is to give notice, That the Subscriber, of Elkton, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil County, in Maryland, letters of Administration, on the personal estate of *SAMUEL HEWETT*, late of said County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the Subscriber, at or before the first day of March next—They may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of August, 1799.

JOHN MILLER, *Ad'tr.*

aug. 17. d5w

ADVERTISEMENT.

PURSUANT to a Decree of His Swedish Majesty's Court of Justice in the Dutchy of Pomerania, Philip Frederick von Platen, formerly lieutenant in the Prussian army, being absent since the year 1777, or his eventual heir unknown, are hereby summoned to come in personally, or by attornies sufficiently informed, before the said court, in the space of a year, of at latest on the 21st day of May 1800, being the appointed term, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or to give faithful notice of their lives and dwelling places, to the court, or in default thereof, the said absent will be declared to be dead, and his eventual heirs will be excluded their rights, and thereupon the property hitherto administered will be adjudicated to the brothers of the said absent.

His Swedish Majesty's Court of Justice, at Greisswald.

Griesswald, 21st day of March, 1799.

July 30. eow 8w.

SAMUEL POTTER, WM. PAGE,
AND
THOMAS PRICE,

HAVE removed to GERMANTOWN, between the five and six mile stone, where they have for sale, a general assortment of DRY GOODS, a great part of which they have just received by the ship Boyne from London, via New York.

N. B. Letters (Per Post) addressed to them Philadelphia, will be regularly forwarded.

Sept. 3, 1799. d3w&tuthsa tf

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers,

Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand
Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,

3000 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck,
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS
HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,

Also Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.
Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.

june 25 §

TO BE SOLD,
An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——Apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

THE PARTNERSHIP

TRADING under the Firms of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WALN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.

7 mo. 13th d3m

FOR SALE,

A variety of Lots, many of them very advantageously situated north of the city of Philadelphia, in different parts of the Land known as the Estate of the late William Martin, Esq—many of the lots afford valuable sites for Country seats, not excelled by any within the same distance of the City, other lots are well adapted for Garden Grounds, Pasture &c. a third description is well calculated for buildings fronting upon Frankford road, Second, Third, and Fourth streets continued to the German Town Road and also on Cross Roads designed to be laid out from Fourth Street to Turners Lane to which the property extends—For further particulars, application to be made to

NICHOLAS HOLYDAY,

on the Premises westward of Fourth Street.

8 july dtf.

TO BE LET,

Possession to be given on the 26th August,

A convenient Three Story Brick House,

SITUATE in Spruce between Second and Third Street; apply at No. 110 South Second Street

july 18 dtf

FOR SALE,
A COUNTRY SEAT.

CONTAINING about Ten acres of Land, situated at the 5 mile stone, on the Ridge Road, being near the Falls of Schuylkill. The Dwelling-House has lately received a thorough repair, and consists of a Dining Room, nearly 30 feet long, a Breakfast Parlour, a Housekeeper's Room and a Kitchen, with 5 Bed rooms, and Garret's over the whole. Adjoining the house is a good Garden, Ice-House, Spring-House, Eight stall Stables, and Coach-House, with a large Orchard. Apply to the Printer.

august 23 d1m

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or conveyed on Thursday night last from off the premises, about 2½ miles from Philadelphia, on the Ridge road, a handsome dark bay HORSE in good condition, about 14 hands high, with black legs, black mane and bushy black tail, cut straight at the end; has several long scratches on his back, occasioned by playing in the fields. Whoever can give information of him so that the owner may have him again, shall receive the above reward by applying at

No. 46, South Fifth street.

Philadelphia, August 19 §

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennsylvania, May 15, '99. }

(16) d1w (m.w.fa.tf)

Oellers's Hotel in Germantown.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has opened his Hotel in Germantown, just above the Market House; he has provided the best of liquors of all kinds, he will prepare dinners at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms; refreshments of every kind to be had at all times, as well as soups every day from 12 to 3 o'clock.

His ordinrry will be as usual at half past three o'clock.

A COACHEE, will start from the said Hotel in the morning at 6, for Germantown, and return from thence at 9. In the afternoon at 3, and return at 5 o'clock, where good accommodations will be provided for passengers.

N. B. The Hotel in the city of Philadelphia, will remain open as usual.

JAMES OELLERS.

august 26 d3w

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes.

FOR SALE BY,
ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—— Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

MAIL COACHEES
Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted(at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.

Leave New-York every day (Sunday exceptcepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.

In Philadelphia.

At John Dunwoody's, Market-street, Spread Eagle, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, }
May 1. } §

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the texes due on said lands for the years 1796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 19th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs

Caleb Mounts,
James Allen.
John Fulton, } County Commis'rs

Union Town, June 5, '99. (14) d3m

ALMS-HOUSE,

September 11th 1799.

GENTLEMEN,

YOU being returned to serve as Guardians of the poor, are required to attend at the City Court House in Chesnut Street, on the 25th instant, at ten o'clock in the morning, or at such other place where the Mayor may please appoint.

IN THE ROOM OF

Peter Thompson
Thomas Morris
Charles Jolly
James C. Fisher } *Andrew Pettit*

James Stoaks
John Whitesides
Michael Roberts } *William Holdernesse*

William Cramond
Thomas M. Willing
Joseph Higbie } *William Read*

Richard Tunis
John Massey
Irael Paxton
Samuel Richards, Jun. } *William Steel*

Isaac Tatem Hopper
Joseph Worrel
Samuel Shinn
Benjamin Price } *William Preston*

Abel Evans
Cadwallader Foulke
William Hallowell
John Newbold } *Peter Keyser*

Henry Moliere
William Johnson
John Hood
Jesse Williamson } *Jacob Greeble*

William Clifton, Jun.
David Evans
Capt. John Carson
William Burnside } *Charles Swift*

CHARLES SWIFT, President, Board of Managers.

SALE
OF
The Springetsbury Grounds.

ON Thursday the 26th September, at two o'clock P. M. at the Upper Ferry on Schuylkill, will commence, the sale of the remaining lots of the Springetsbury Estate.

Purchasers paying one fourth of the money down, may have credit for the remainder as follows:

Six months from the day of sale for one fourth,
Nine months from ditto one fourth,
Twelve months from ditto one fourth,

J. CONNELLY, and Co.
Auctioneers. §

For FREIGHT *or* CHARTER,
FOR EUROPE,

THE BRIG
ENTERPRISE,

A staunch good Vessel, well fitted, about three years old, and will carry about 1500 Barrels—can be sent to sea immediately.

For terms apply to Wharton and Lewis in Germantown, near the Market house.

Sept. 5, 1799. §

THE STORES

Of the Subscribers are continued open as usual.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE
70 hogsheads Molasses,
20 bales Surinam Cotton,
20,000 pounds green Coffee,
10 pipes old Port Wine,
100 boxes Claret,
50 kegs Pearl Barley,
30 boxes Tumblers, (assorted)
200 boxes 8 by 10 Window Glass,
40 tons Hemp.

Also an extensive variety of Silesia and other German Linens, Checks, &c. all which they will sell at reasonable prices and generous credits.

A QUANTITY OF FRESH
CASTOR OIL,
Just received and for Sale by
JOSEPH SHOEMAKER.
Lower end of Germantown.
september 13 3t

To the Holders of
MILITARY LAND WARRANTS.

THE Subscriber having lately returned from viewing the land, surveyed and appropriated to satisfy the land warrants, issued by the secretary at war, to the officers and soldiers of the late continental army; and having made arrangements with Mr. James Johnson, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who he left on the land, and who with the assistance of an intelligent inhabitant of that county, will spend five months in exploring the different sections. He will take regular notes, descriptive of the soil, situation, and natural advantages attached to each section in the whole survey—which notes will be placed in the hands of the subscriber previous to the period for locating, thereby enabling him to make the most advantageous locations the priority will admit.

He offers his service to the holders of land warrants of the above description, throughout the United States, to receive their warrants, class them, (as no less quantity than 4000 acres will be registerd at the office of the treasury) have them registered agreeable to law, and attend to make the location at the the time appointed in February next.

For transacting the business, one tenth part of the land specified in the warrants will be required, and no other charge, except the postage of letters. All warrants forwarded and letters addressed to the subscriber, at No. 3, Penn-street, Philadelphia, will receive immediate attention.

JAMES E. SMITH.

Septemer 2 mwstf.

United States, }
District of Pennsylvania. } ss.

To the Marshal of the Pennsylvania District of the United States.

WHEREAS in my opinion a contagious sickness in the city of Philadelphia, renders it hazardous to hold the next stated Session of the Circuit Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District of the middle Circuit of the said city, the place appointed by law at which to hold the stated Session of the said Court—These are by virtue of the powers and authorities vested in me, RICHARD PETERS, Judge of the Pennsylvania District of the United States, in the name and by authority of the United States, to order and direct you to adjourn the session of the said circuit court, directed to be held at Philadelphia, on the eleventh day of October next, to Norris Town, in the county of Montgomery in the same district, being a convenient place within the same for holding the said court; and you are to make publication hereof in one or more public papers printed at the said city, that the said court is adjourned as it is hereby directed to be; and you are accordingly to adjourn the said court to the said place hereby appointed from the time you shall receive this order to the said eleventh day of October next, the time by law prescribed for commencing the said session.

(L.S.) Given under my hand and seal at Belmont in the said district this sixth day of September in the year of our Lord 1799, and in the twenty fourth year of the Independence of the United States.

RICHARD PETERS.

WHEREFORE I, the said Marshal, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the above order and directions from the honorable Richard Peters, Esquire, judge of the Pennsylvania district of the United States, and in the name and by the authority of the United States, do adjourn the session of the Circuit court of the said United States, which was to have been held at Philadelphia, on the eleventh day of October next, to the court house in NORRISTOWN in the county of *Montgomery* in the same district, there to meet on the said eleventh day of October next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day of which all persons bound by Recognizance or have otherwise to do thereat are desired and required to take notice and give their attendance accordingly.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, *Marshal.*

Marshal's office at Philadelphia,
September 7, 1799 d11thO.

CONTINUATION OF LATE

Foreign Intelligence.

VIA NEW-YORK.

From Hamburgh papers, received by the ship Black-River, capt. Smith, in 48 days from Hamburgh.

LOWER ELBE, July 20.

Armies of Italy.—The Vienna Court Gazette of the 10th inst. contains the capitulation of Bologna, against which place general Klenau had made those movements detailed in our last. The ordinary Vienna Court Gazette of the 10th contains only long details of the battles from the 17th to the 20th, which prove that in killed, wounded, and prisoners, Macdonald lost, in that period, 17,268 men, including 4 generals, 8 colonels, 502 staff and other officers, &c. whereas the Austro-Russians, combined, lost 3 generals, 149 staff and other officers, 4776 men, in killed and wounded. By this immense slaughter, which chiefly decided the fate of Italy, it appears, that the French must have fought with more desperation than military prudence.

Against the remains of Macdonald's army of 16,700 men, at the utmost, above 30,000 Austro-Russians are now marching; and general Klenau, who entered Bologna on the 30th ult. left that place the next day, with his advanced guard of 13,000 men, to enter Tuscany, after having taken, near Bologna, three chests with Roman coins, and some hundreds of waggons with baggage, ammunition, and precious effects, destined for Paris.

Prince Sulkowsky, who was supposed to have arrived at Vienna with official intelligence of fresh victories over general Moreau, brought the above details of the former actions. But, if we consider the rapid motions of the armies, it is not to be wondered at that official details were not received, in Vienna, of the battles which many direct letters and news-papers, from Italy, announce to have been fought between F. M. Suwarrow and general Moreau, from the 27th to the 30th ult. in consequence of which, the latter retired by the narrow defile of Bochetta, towards Genoa, whither F. M. Suwarrow has already sent proclamations, to announce his near approach for its speedy delivery. Some letters state Moreau to be on his retreat to Nice, which he will find extremely difficult.

Our private letters from Pavia, to the 4th, and from Verona, to the 5th July, say, that after the total defeat of Moreau, with the loss on his side of 10,000 men, taken prisoners, 6 generals, and several thousand in killed and wounded, the Imperialists entered Genoa. But this account, however probable, wants official confirmation. A strong column (these letters add) is detached, to scour the districts of Florence.

In the armies of Switzerland, nothing had occurred, except demonstrations and reinforcements on both sides.

VIENNA, July 10.

Our Court Gazette of this day, does not confirm the statement lately given by private letters of a new battle with Moreau, but it contains two supplements, with an account of the surrender of Bologna, by capitulation, and a most interesting circumstantial detail of the battles of the 17th, 18th, and 19th ult. and the farther movements of the combined army, down to the 20th ult.

Besides a numerous artillery, very considerable stores and magazines have been found in the citadel of Turin.

First Supplement Extraordinary to the Vienna Court Gazette, July 8.

Official report of F. M. Count Suwarrow, respecting the battles which took place on the 17th, 18th and 19th of June, between the rivers Sidone and Trebia, and the enemy's pursuit on the 20th, over the river Nura.

"Field Marshall Suwarrow arrived with the main army, on the 17th ult. at four in the afternoon, in St. Giovnana, and joined general Ott, who had that whole day prudently concealed his weakness from the enemy, who were 20,000 men strong, and, had he resisted the latter, he must have sacrificed himself and his whole corps. At this critical moment, the Russian Prince Pankrazion and Gortzakow, with many regiments of cossacks and Austrian infantry and cavalry, charged, defeated and pursued the enemy, with great loss, beyond the Tidone. In this action, which night alone could terminate, the enemy had 1000 men killed, a proportionate number wounded, and 400 prisoners.

In the battle of the 18th, the enemy were found 30,000 men strong, drawn up in order of battle about a league on this side of the Trebia. The Russian advanced guard, under Prince Pankrazion, and some Austrian squadrons, attacked them at one o'clock, P. M. and repulsed them; 500 men of the Polish legion, and General Dombrowsky's Adjutant-General, were killed, 2 Colonels, 600 men, 2 pieces of cannon, and one pair of colors taken. The enemy being reinforced, was going to renew the attack when Prince Pankrazion drove them beyond the Trebia. In this attack the French had more than 1000 men killed, and 3000 prisoners; but they resolved to venture every thing, re-passed the Trebia with 10,000 men and were repulsed a second time by the Russians, with the loss of 600 men killed, and 60 prisoners. Meanwhile Gen. Melas had also attacked the enemy with the same resoluteness: and, though the latter were above 10,000 men strong in that quarter, they were also repulsed thence, beyond the Trebia, with the loss of 1200 men killed, and 700 prisoners. The artillery continued to thunder on both sides, till seven o'clock at night.

"Our victorious troops arrived quiet exhausted with fighting, on the left bank of the Trebia in the evening, and being absolutely in want of rest, they were to stay the night, to attack the enemy on the 19th.

"The Third battle began at ten o'clock in the morning of the 19th, when the enemy thrice crossed the river, and were as often repulsed by Prince Pankrazion, with the loss of 1400 men killed, 700 prisoners, one cannon and three standards.

"Meanwhile the enemy's left wing attacked the column in centre, under Lieut. Gen. Foster, but were driven beyond the Trebia, with the bayonet, and lost 400 men in killed, 5 officers and 120 privates as prisoners.

"In the quarter where Gen. Melas was, the enemy attacked Prince Lichtenstein three times but were repulsed beyond the Trebia, with the loss of 900 men killed, and upwards of 50 prisoners

"This terminated the third day by a decisive blow in our favour, and the enemy renouncing the hope of seeing Moreau arrive, retreated by night leaving behind them, wounded in Piacenza, four generals, four colonels, 350 staff and commissioned officers and 7183 non-commissioned officers and privates, as prisoners. F. M. Suwarow hastened to pursue the flying enemy on the 20th in 2 columns; that on the right overtaking them on the Nura near St. Giorgio Gen. Csubarow, after several engagements, took prisoners the 17th half brigade, composing their rear, amounting to two colonels, 1 lieut. col. 26 officers, and about 1000 non commissioned officers and privates, being of the enemys best troops, the cidevant regiment d'Auvergne, 1 piece of cannon and 3 stand of colors; the regiment of Karaczay likewise took 1 piece of cannon, 1 howitzer, and cossacks the whole baggage of this column of the enemy. The left column on high road to Piacenzi, also overtook the enemy and forced them to accelerate their march.

"Not till our arrival on the Nura, our troops heard of a Ligurian legion under Gen. Lapoype, for whose arrival Gen. Macdonald had wished 3 days and made the greatest sacrifices; but the best part of our baggage having been sent beyond the Po already, on the 16th, only a small part of it belonging to our right column, could be annoyed by this legion. F. M. Suwarow having quickly sent 2 regiments of Cossacks back by St. Giorgioty cover it, the legion, without waiting their arrival, retreated to Bobbio. But General Betetzki having penetrated from the Trebia towards that place by the mountains, with 1 Russian battalion and 50 dragoons of Karaczay, he encountered that legion there; and though it was upwards of 3000 men strong the General attacked with the bayonet, dispersed them entirely, except 500 men, who killed, and 103 taken prisoners. Our battalion had but 23 men killed and 46 taken.

"The army now continued the pursuit as far as Fiorenzuolo, where it arrived on the 21st. On the same day General Ott reached Borgo St. Tonino, and pursued the enemy on the next day as far as Parma, where Gen. Hohenzollern had already arrived from Mantua, and found 200 of the French wounded, while Gen. Ott took 120 prisoners.

"The army rested but one day in Fiorenzuolo, namely, the 22d, and intelligence being received, that Gen. Moreau had penetrated with 1800 men from Genoa by the Bochetta, into the plain between Tortona and Alessandia, the army immediately broke up again from Fiorenzuolo on the 23d and gained the Secrivia, on the 25th by dint of forced marches; but Moreau did not think proper to remain, and on the same evening Gen. Csubarow occupied the city of Tortona, with 4 battalions, and blockaded its citadel, as before.

"Moreau had fought on the 18th with Gen. Bellegarde, who being obliged to keep Alessandria blockaded, could only oppose the enemy's superior number with a weak force; yet Gen. Bellegarde, though with the sensible loss of 203 men killed, 578 wounded, and 1229 prisoners, prevented the enemy's farther progress, till the arrival of the army, in such a manner that Moreau remained four days totally inactive, and on the fifth began his retreat towards Novi, and had passed the Bochetta on the 26th.

"Thus, in the space of ten days a numerous army was almost destroyed, the siege of Mantua again secured, the whole Po delivered, Tortona re-blockaded, and Moreau thrown back to his former position.

"The result of those toilsome days is 6,000 of the enemy killed; 5,085 prisoners on the field of battle: 7,088 wounded prisoners, included 4 generals, 8 colonels, 502 staff and superior officers, consequently in all 12,268 prisoners: 7 pieces of cannon, and 3 stand of colors. Our loss consits, in killed, of 10 staff and superior officers, and 244 non-commissioned officers and privates; the wounded, 87 staff and superior officers, and 1,816 non-commissioned officers and privates, on the part of the Imperial Russian troops 1 lieutenant colonel, 4 officers, and 676 privates, killed; 3 generals, 3 colonels, 1 lieutenant colonel, 5 majors, 35 commissioned officers, and 2,041 privates, wounded.

Second Supplement Extraordinary, July 10.

"According to a report sent hither by General Kray, dated July 1, General Count Klenau, (who commands the advanced guard of General Ott's corps) overtook the rear of Maedonald, on the 30th of June, at Bologna, where he forced the commandant of the said rear, General Hulm, to an immediate evacuation and surrender of that place by capitulation.

"Here follows the capitulation, consisting of five articles; by which the French commandant requires two hours to make the garrison and sick leave the city, but Count Klenau immediately insisted upon occupying all the gates. To the stipulation of not molesting the inhabitants for political opinions, &c. it was answered—that it was a political subject, with which the military could not interfere: The garrison with their baggage, besides the French taken prisoners on that day, in the attack made on the bridge, and on other days; to depart freely, and under safe escort, to Pietro Moli.

"The farther particulars, with the ammunition and provisions found in Bologna, are to be given hereafter."

At 5 o'clock, this afternoon, capt. Duval arrived here, as courier, from F. M. Suwarrow with the intelligence of a new attack, made by Moreau, with 12,000 men; but he is said to be completely defeated, with the loss of 2,000 men, and the rest of his army was entirely dispersed.

COSTANTINOPLE, June 20.

After his defeat before Acre, Buonaparte sent one of his most resolute officers to Cairo, with orders for the commandant to send him immediately all the troops he could spare. The latter answered, it was impossible to weaken his force, being threatened on all sides by superior numbers, and having much to do to keep the people of Cairo in subjection. Receiving this reply, Buonaparte ordered the commandant of Cairo, and all the garrison to join him; but the officer charged to carry this order, seemed confident of the utter impracticability of advancing through Palestine, where the Turks occupy almost all the passages. This circumstance causes the highest consternation in the French army.

A small vessel, dispatched by Sir Sidney Smith, has foundered at sea. Three English officers and a dragoman, who were on board, went to the bottom.

The Grand Vizier expects to terminate his march from Scutari in fifty-three days. The flotilla of galleys, which arrived here from Widdin, will go to Egypt.

HAMBURGH, July 20.

The Frankfort papers say, that Buonaparte, has been wounded in the thigh, and lost the best part of his grenadiers; diseases were also making great havoc among the French.

It is certain that most of the Turco-Russian forces are gone from Corfu to Malta, to support the operations against the forts of that island.

The activity of F. M. Suwarrow exceeds all descriptions: as soon as he wakes, he takes the bath, dresses himself, goes to his soldiers, and tells them—"We must march boys!" The Russians stand as unshaken as walls when in action, and their officers set them the example of bravery.

Gen. Moreau's force joined by the division of Victor, does not exceed 25,000 men.

On the 26th ult. the French entered Modena a third time, and retired after raising a contribution of 15,000 zechins.

Prussia is said to have consented to the passage of troops through Anspach and Bareith.

All the Swiss troops and armed peasants, who fought with the French, have been allowed by the Archduke to return to their respective homes.

VENICE, July 5.

It is certain that Admiral Nelson blockades the harbour of Genoa with above 30 men of war. Just as we had learned that the French Fleet was blockaded at Toulon, advice was brought from Triest, by an Austrian ship from Regusa, with the news that the French fleet had been defeated near Malta, by the English, who captured 8 ships and sunk the same number, whilst the rest had saved themselves by flight. This ship news needs the more confirmation, as similar reports from sea are seldom to be depended upon.

NORFOLK, September 10.

By the arrival yesterday of the letter of marque ship Hope, captain Callaban, from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 20th, and Liverpool papers to the 22d of July, from which we give the following extracts:

BOMBAY, March 1.

"War was declared against Tippoo Saib on the 3d of last month, at Madras.—Our armies are already marching towards Seringapatam, which place, with Mangolore, and all the Betnate country, will I hope, be in our possession in two months at farthest." [*Morning Herald.*]

Yesterday afternoon captain T. Graves, of the Venus frigate, arrived at the admiralty with dispatches from earl St. Vincent, which are said to contain the official account of the junction of the French and Spanish fleets in the Mediterranean.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Downing Street, July 20, 1799.

Dispatches of which the following are a copy and extract, have been received from the lieutenant colonel Robert Craufurd, by the right honorable lord Grenville, his majesty's principal secretary of state for the foreign department.

Zurich, July 6, '99.

My Lord,

I have the honor to inform your lordship, that on the 3d instant, a considerable corps of the right wing of general Massena's army under the command of the general of division Lacourbe, attacked general Yellachitz's position in the canton of Schweitz on the whole extent of his front, from the Sill to Schweitz and Brunnen.

The affair lasted the greatest part of the day;—and although the French at first gained some ground, they were afterwards completely repulsed; and general Yellachitz's corps re-occupied all its former posts, except Brunnen, of which the enemy retained possession on the evening of the 3d, but from whence he was also repulsed the next morning.

Major general Yellachitz bestows great praise on the contingent troops of the cantons of Glarus and Schweitz.

I have the honor to be, &c.

ROBERT CRAUFURD.

Extract of a letter from Lieutenant Colonel Craufurd to Lord Grenville, dated Zurich, July 7, '99.

I have much satisfaction in being able to inform your lordship, that in consequence of the total defeat of general Macdonald's army and the retreat of Moreau, general Haddick's corps, the destination of which has been so frequently changed, is now decidedly on the point of entering the Valais.

BOSTON, September 11.

Latest from the Fleets.

Captain Ozias Goodwin, who arrived here yesterday from Gibraltar, on the 22d July, in lat. 36, 6, long. 9, 57, spoke the Caroline British frigate, from the captain of which he learnt, That the combined French and Spanish fleets sailed the day before (July 21st) from Cadiz; and that he had been watching the fleets that morning.

Captain Hills also spoke the frigate, and obtained similar intelligence; and that at 2 A. M. the fleets were standing to westward. On the 25th July, spoke a Danish ship, the master of which informed him, that he had been boarded by one of the French cruizers, from the officer of which he learned, that the combined fleet was standing N. N. W. distance seven leagues. At 6 A. M. Capt. H. bore away, to avoid the fleets.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16.

For the Gazette of the United States.

Mr. FENNO,

TENCH COXE, lately at the Chester county court, in the presence of a number of respectable citizens, expressly declared that Mr. Ross had encouraged and supported the western insurrection. This charge is so impudently false as scarcely to merit refutation, only to shew the total want of truth and propriety in Mr. Coxe propagating it.

Mr. Coxe, when commissioner of the revenue, made an official report in 1794, to the secretary of the treasury, in which he minutely detailed all the causes which led to the western insurrection, and named the most active agents in promoting it. In this report, which is very lengthy, he never insinuates a charge against Mr. Ross, nor through the whole of it mentions his name; but on the contrary, he decidedly states, that Mr. Gallatin and Mr. Smiley had laid the foundation of, and principally promoted the insurrection.

Does not this shew to what vile and abominable lies Tench Coxe and his party are reduced to support the election of Mr. M'Kean?

AN ALLEGHENY VOTER.

According to the best accounts, Buonaparte, so far from re establishing the *Jews* in *Palestine*, is in a fair way of becoming a *wandering Jew* himself.

The wits of Paris are somewhat mistaken as to the agent who is to administer *extreme unction* to the Directory: It is not Abbe Sieyes, because he is one of them; Suwarrow is to be the *High Priest* of their *final dismission*.

SUWARROW AND SERRURIER.

The following anecdote, transmitted to us from the Imperial head quarters, may be depended upon as authentic: The French general Serrurier, two days after he had surrendered with his corps to General Vukassovich, dined with the Austrio-Generalissimo. The cloth being taken away, the veteran of Rimniskoi asked the Gallic Chief, where he intended to retire to? "To Paris," answered Serrurier.—"I am glad of that," said Suwarrow, "and hope to see you there soon" Serrurier neatly replied, "This is what I always hoped myself." [*Lon. paper.*

The duty on flour alluded to in Jos. M. Yznardi's letter, (published in the Gazette of Friday last,) laid by the new Intendant at Havanna, is eight dollars per barrel—besides the former duty of twenty one and an half per cent.

Eleven deaths of fever, were reported at the health office in New York, for the 24 hours ending at 12 o'clock Friday.

New Orleans and Charleston, (S.C.) are said to be extremely sickly.

New-York, September 13.

By Hambu rpapers received yesterday, we are enabled to lay before our readers late Official accounts of the operations of the armies in Italy, to June 26,—By which it appears that Moreau and Macdonald are repulsed and beaten in every quarter.—It also appears by an article under Venice head of July 5, that the French fleet had been defeated near Malta, by the English, who captured eight ships and sunk the same number, whilst the rest had saved themselves by flight. This news was first brought to Triest by an Austrian ship from Regusa, and then received at Venice.

On Thursday afternoon a duel was fought at Powles Hook, between Mr. William Chambers and Mr. John Furnace; in exchanging three shot on each side, Mr. Chambers received a ball through his coat, and was wounded in both of his legs. Mr. Chambers wished another shot, but the seconds would not permit it.

As Mr. Cunningham, the late pastoral poet, was fishing on a Sunday near Durham, he was observed by the Rev. and corpulent Mr. B. who austerely reproved him for thus prophaning the Sabbath.—The poor Bard heard him with meekness, and then replied, "If your dinner was at the bottom of the river along with mine you would angle for it also." [*Lon. Pap.*

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia.

The following vessels of this port were at Hamburgh the 18th July:

Ship Good Friends, Earl
Fame, Richard
Connecticut, Moore
Brig Liberty, Henderson
Sally, M'Call
West Point, Elderson
Snow Abigal, Thornton.

The ship Clothier, Gardner, of this port, from Liverpool to Baltimore, was spoken on Friday last at 3 P. M. Cape Henlopen Light-house bearing W. by N. distance 7 Leagues.

New-York, September 14.

ARRIVED,

		days
Ship Clepatra, ——,		Curracoa
Sheperdess, Ryers,		Savannah
Brig Hunter, Parker,		Cape Francais 23
Aurora, Witen,		St. Kitts 17
Polly, Bunck,		Jamaica
Ceres ——,		Savannah
Schr. William Goodrich,		St. Vincents 17
Fox, Ramsdel,		Havannah 18
Sloop Susan, Bird,		Charleston

Boston, September 8.

Arrived, brig Benjamin and Nancy, Williams, 53 days from Oporto.

Schr. Little Cherub, M'Condray, 49 days from Madeira.

Sch. Active, Atkins, 46 days from Liverpool.

Schr. Trio, Silsby, 74 days from Russia.

Sch. Lydia, Annapolis.

Sept. 10.

Arrived, ship Industry, Goodwin, from Leghorn and Gibralter.

Ship G'Brien, Hills, from Valencia and Gibralter, 49 days from latter place. No Americans were at Valencia. In lat. 35, 47, long. 46, 20. W, spoke the United States frigate L'Insurgente, of 40 guns, Alexander Murray, Esq. Commander, 10 days out, all well, bound to Gibraltar.

Ship Holland, Goodrich, from Farragona and Gibraltar. Sailed under Com. Meeks.

REPORT

Of the Sextons of the different grounds, of the number of Funerals at their grounds.

FOR THE 48 HOURS, ENDING THIS DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK.	*Grown Persons.*	*Children*
Names of the Burial Grounds.		
Christ Church,	0	0
St. Peters,	0	0
St. Pauls,	0	0
1st Presbyterian,	0	1
2d do.	0	0
3d do.	0	1
Scots Presbyterian,	0	0
Associate Church,	0	0
St. Mary's,	1	2
Trinity,	1	0
Friends	0	1
Free Quakers,	0	0
Swedes,	0	0
German Lutheran,	2	0
German Presbyterian,	0	0
Moravian,	0	0
Baptist,	0	0
Methodist,	0	0
Universalist,	0	0
Jews,	0	0
African Episcopal,	0	0
do. Methodist,	0	0
Kensington,	0	0
Public Ground,*	10	
Total	14	5

The above list comprehends all the burials from the City and Liberties of every disease

By order of the Board of Health.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Health Officer.

CITY HOSPITAL.

ADMITTED.

Walter Dugan, Corner of 2d & Plumb st.
John Bergen, Walked to the Hospital.
Eliza and Patrick Boyle.
Nicholas, Margery, Sophia, Susan and Grace Boyle, not sick but admitted as distressed Children.
Betsey Sharp, Meade alley near Water st.
Jacob Emlen, from the street.
Jane M'Dermott, 6th st. between German & Catherine st.
Hugh M'Dermott, do do.

DIED.

William Middleton, admitted insensible
Susan Sullivan, ill 3 days previous to ad.
Mary Bayer ill 2 do. do.
John Davis, ill 3 do. do.

DISCHARGED.

Catharine O'Brien, Ann M'Kensey, Sidney Smith, (a black woman,) Margery Bell, John Murray, Jacob Meyer, Polly Price, Samuel Davis, (a black man) Alexander Cocheran, Mary Ann Dickson, William Evitt, Philip Conelly, Omio Johnson (admitted by the name of Maria) a black woman.

Remaining in the Hospital 53, of whom 25 are convalescents.

Interred in the Public ground the last 48 hours.

City and suburbs, 6
City Hospital 4
——10

PETER HELM, Steward.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*